

3. **(2017 AMC 12A)** There are 24 different complex numbers z such that $z^{24} = 1$. For how many of these is z^6 a real number?

4. **(2011 AMC 12B)** The arithmetic mean of two distinct positive integers x and y is a two-digit integer. The geometric mean of x and y is obtained by reversing the digits of the arithmetic mean. What is $|x - y|$?

Greatest Hits: Algebra

In-Class Problems

Math Circle Competition Team

February 19th, 2017

1. **(2005 AIME II)** For how many positive integers n less than or equal to 1000 is $(\sin t + i \cos t)^n = \sin nt + i \cos nt$ true for all real t ?

2. **(2014 AIME I)** Let $x_1 < x_2 < x_3$ be the three real roots of the equation $\sqrt{2014}x^3 - 4029x^2 + 2 = 0$. Find $x_2(x_1 + x_3)$.

3. **(2013 AIME I)** There are nonzero integers a , b , r , and s such that the complex number $r + si$ is a zero of the polynomial $P(x) = x^3 - ax^2 + bx - 65$. For each possible combination of a and b , let $p_{a,b}$ be the sum of the zeros of $P(x)$. Find the sum of the $p_{a,b}$'s for all possible combinations of a and b .

4. **(2004 AIME II)** Let S be the set of integers between 1 and 2^{40} whose binary expansions have exactly two 1's. If a number is chosen at random from S , the probability that it is divisible by 9 is p/q , where p and q are relatively prime positive integers. Find $p + q$.

